When you are done with your 4.3 homework you should be able to...
$\pi$ Solve linear systems by the addition method
$\pi$ Use the addition method to identify systems with no solution or infinitely many solutions
$\pi$ Determine the most efficient method for solving a linear system WARM-UP:

1. Solve the following system of linear equations by substitution. State whether the system is consistent or inconsistent. For those systems that are consistent, state whether the equations are dependent or independent.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=\frac{7}{2} x-3 \\
& y=-4 x+2
\end{aligned}
$$

## ELIMINATING A VARIABLE USING THE ADDITION METHOD

The $\qquad$ method is most useful if one of the equations has an
variable. A third method for solving a linear system is the method. The addition method $\qquad$ a variable by $\qquad$ the equations. When we use the addition method, we want to obtain two equations whose $\qquad$ is an equation containing only $\qquad$ variable. The key step is to obtain, for one of the variables,

## Steps for Solving a System of Two Linear Equations Containing Two Variables by Addition

1. If necessary, $\qquad$ both equations in the form
2. If necessary, $\qquad$ either equation or both equations by appropriate nonzero numbers so that the $\qquad$ of the $x$-coefficients
or $y$-coefficients is $\qquad$ .
3. $\qquad$ the equations in step 2. The $\qquad$ is an $\qquad$
in $\qquad$ variable.
4. $\qquad$ the equation in one variable.
5. $\qquad$ - $\qquad$ the value obtained in step 4 into either of
the $\qquad$ equations and $\qquad$ for the other variable.
6. $\qquad$ the solution in $\qquad$ of the original equations.

Example 1: Solve the following systems of linear equations by the addition method. State whether the system is consistent or inconsistent. For those systems that are consistent, state whether the equations are dependent or independent. Use set notation to express solution sets.
a.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+y=6 \\
& x-y=-2
\end{aligned}
$$

b.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x-y=11 \\
& 2 x+5 y=13
\end{aligned}
$$

## COMPARING SOLUTION METHODS

| METHOD | ADVANTAGES | DISADVANTAGES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GRAPHING | You can $\qquad$ the $\qquad$ . | If the solutions do not involve $\qquad$ or are too $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ to be $\qquad$ on the graph, it's impossible to tell exactly what the $\qquad$ are. |
| SUBSTITUTION | Gives $\qquad$ solutions. Easy to use if a $\qquad$ is on $\qquad$ side by itself. | Solutions cannot be $\qquad$ Can introduce extensive work with $\qquad$ when no variable has a coefficient of $\qquad$ or |
| ADDITION | Gives $\qquad$ solutions. Easy to use! | Solutions cannot be $\qquad$ |

Example 2: Solve the following systems of linear equations by any method. State whether the system is consistent or inconsistent. For those systems that are consistent, state whether the equations are dependent or independent. Use set notation to express solution sets.
a.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+y=6 \\
& x-y=-2
\end{aligned}
$$

b.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x-y=11 \\
& 2 x+5 y=13
\end{aligned}
$$

c.
$4 x-2 y=2$
$2 x-y=1$
d.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x=4 y+1 \\
& 4 x+3 y=1
\end{aligned}
$$

e.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+4 y=5 \\
& 3 x+6 y=6
\end{aligned}
$$

